God and Government

Series: God and Government - Message 2 Text: Romans 13:1 Pleasant Hill Baptist Church Elkin, NC Danny Dodds, Pastor August 11, 2024

INTRODUCTION—Romans 13:1-5

I. GOD ESTABLISHED GOVERNMENT (Rom. 13:1)

- 1. There are no governing authorities anywhere that God has not placed in power. (Rom. 13:2-4: Daniel 4:17. 25).
- 2. God ordained all higher authorities or human government.
- 3. Anyone who resists or rebels against the God-established authorities rebels against what God instituted.
- 4. Civil leaders are God's ministers (v. 4).

II. ISRAEL'S FORM OF GOVERNMENT

- 1. Initially, Israel's form of government was a Divine autocracy or theocracy ruled by God
- 2. God gave the moral law in Exodus 20: 1-17 and reiterated it in Deut. 5.
- 3. God raised up judges (Judg. 2:16-19).
- 4. Later, Israel's government was modified (I Samuel 8:1-22).
 - (1) The demand for a king (I Sam. 8: 1-9).
 - (2) God permitted them to have a king (vs. 7, 9, 22) "hearken unto their voice."
 - (3) The warning concerning a king (9-18).
 - (4) God instructs Samuel to object (v.9).
 - (5) Samuel obeyed (v. 10).
 - (6) In verses 11-17, Samual explains the nature of the king and what he will do.
 - (a) The king will be a dictator (vs. 11, 13).
 - (b) He would seize their properties for his use (vs. 14, 16).
 - (c) He would inflict heavy taxes on them (vs. 15, 17).
 - (d) His reign will cause significant emotional pain (v. 18).
 - (e) God will not hear them when they pray because they chose an earthly king over a heavenly King (v. 18).
- 5. Nevertheless, the people refused to obey the voice of Samuel.
 - (1) Psalm 33:12
 - (2) Proverbs 14:34